



PORTS IN A STORM

HOW YOUR LIBRARY CAN CONTRIBUTE TO TO COMMUNITY RESILIENCY AFTER A DISASTER



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Michele Stricker

Deputy State Librarian, New Jersey State Library mstricker@njstatelib.org







STAFFORD ACT

Section 403 of the Stafford Act authorizes FEMA to provide federal assistance to meet immediate threats to life and property resulting from a major disaster. According to the provision, the act allows for the provision of temporary facilities for schools and other essential community services, when it is related to saving lives and protecting and preserving property or public health and safety.

Libraries are now eligible for temporary relocation facilities during major disasters and emergencies under the FEMA Public Assistance Program.





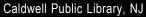




LIBRARIES SHOULD PREPARE & EMBRACE THEIR ROLES AS COMMUNITY DISASTER RECOVERY CENTERS & TELECOMMUNICATIONS/INFORMATION HUBS BEFORE & AFTER AN EMERGENCY

Can you think of an example where your library may have served your community in this capacity?







Lakeville, MA (SteveBrown/WBUR)





The Library is filled with refugees from their cold, dark, powerless houses: Welcome to the Berkeley Heights Public Library 07922 'After Sandy'



THE LIBRARY IS A SAFE HAVEN













Bound Brook Public Library



LIBRARIANS ARE INFORMATION FIRST RESPONDERS









West Deptford Public Library, NJ



NEPTUNE PUBLIC LIBRARY & OCEAN COUNTY LIBRARY SYSTEM











EAST BRUNSWICK PUBLIC LIBRARY









130,000 - Residents served with disaster crisis counseling





PREPARING LIBRARIES TO STEP INTO THE ROLE OF A DISASTER RECOVERY CENTER

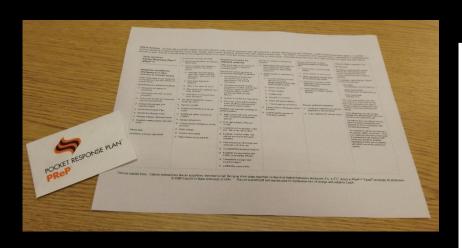
- 1. Prepare library facility and staff
- 2. Make plans to keep library website, online resources, and social media accessible and updated.
- 3. Form a Regional Emergency Response Network
- 4. Inform elected officials
- 5. Develop a relationship with community emergency responders
- 6. Work with other community partners
- 7. Help prepare your community for a disaster
- 8. Be familiar with Salvaging Family Treasures materials.



POCKET DISASTER RESPONSE PLAN

DO YOU HAVE A DISASTER PLAN? WHO WOULD YOU APPOINTMENT TO A COMMITTEE?

https://www.statearchivists.org/programs/emergency-preparedness/emergency-preparedness-resources/pocket-response-plantm-prep-tm-english-template





THE PLAN

Beneficial information categories:

- 1. The Disaster Team
- Emergency Contacts
- 3. Procedure to Close the Library
- 4. Emergency Evacuation Procedures
- 5. Communication Equipment
- 6. Disaster Supplies
- 7. Emergency systems
- 8. Plans for Specific Emergencies
- 9. Priority List of Collections and Administrative Records
- 10. Recovery Services Contacts
- 11. Insurance/ Legal Contacts
- 12. Business Continuity Plan

Indiana State Library disaster template http://www.in.gov/library/files/disastertemplate.pdf



JOIN FORCES: REGIONAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE NETWORKS









Make a list of your potential regional partners.



WORKING WITH EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT







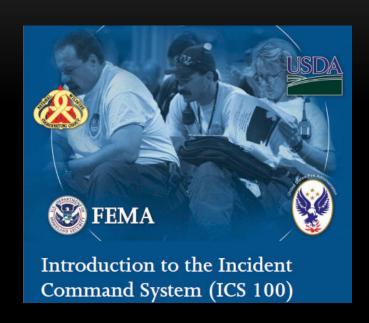


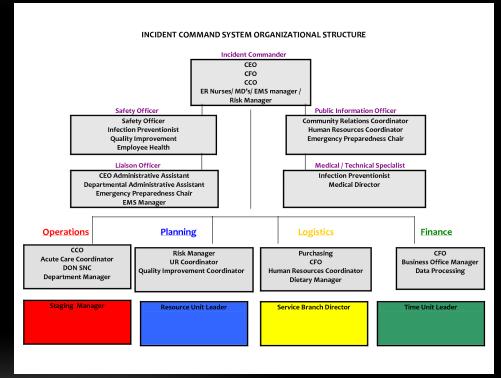
Images: American Libraries Magazine

fema.gov



INCIDENT COMMAND SYSTEM







COMMUNITY EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEAMS (CERT)









https://www.ready.gov/community-emergency-response-team



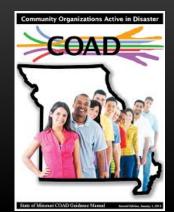


CITIZEN CORPS WWW.READY.GOV/CITIZEN-CORPS









VOADs AND NGOs WORKING WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS

HATEUR RADIO

THE CORE OF RESILIENCY

















SOCIAL MEDIA & DISASTER RESPONSE

THE VITAL ROLE OF INFORMATION FIRST RESPONDERS

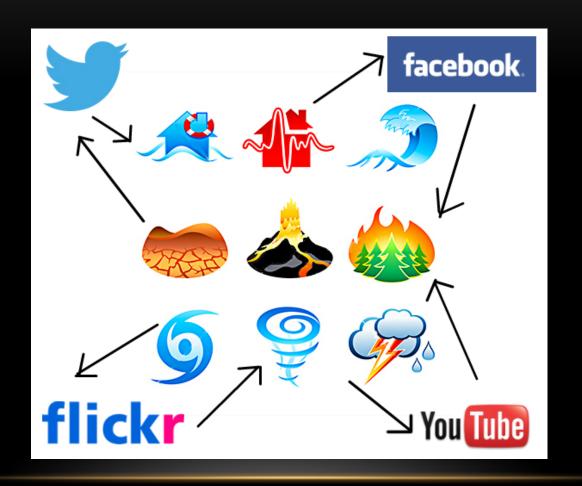


Image: Shawn Gossman



LIBRARIAN'S DISASTER PREPAREDNESS & COMMUNITY RESILIENCY TOOLKIT

HTTP://WWW.NJSTATELIB.ORG/SERVICES_FOR_LIBRARIES/RESOURCES/DISASTER_PLANNING/

- Guidebook
- Workbook
- PowerPoint Presentation
- Archived Webinar







THE LIBRARIAN'S DISASTER PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RESILIENCY CUIDEBOOK

Librarians Fulfilling Their Role as Information Pirst Responders

Making the Most of This Toolkit

This toolkit follows a simple two-step strategy. First develop a resiliency plan for your library and personal readiness plans for your staff. Being prepared for a wide-scale disaster will allow you to deliver essential services with minimal interruption.

Once your library is ready to resume operations, modify your service offerings to meet the needs of your distressed community. This might near cleaning you hears of operations, reconfiguring workspace, offering more frequent children's story-time, as well as officing now services each as a control to detailed relating stations in plune and competence on her energies can be re-

Begin by reviewing this Guide which provides background information and an explanation of how to create an overall plan for your library. Then turn to the Workbook where you will find ferms and templates that you can use to create an actual preparedness plan.

Augment this treaterial by taking advantage of the various education and training resources that are mentioned throughout the texts Section 19: Classing Comments of this Guide includes a list of getting started actions and associated resources.

Following the curlines and suggestions in this teolkit will prepare your library and staff to fulfill their role as information first responders and contributors to the resiliency of your community.



THE LIBRARIAN'S DISASTER FLANNING AND COMMUNITY RESILIENCY WORKBOOK

ibrarians Fulfilling Their Role as Information First Responders

Checklist of Community Resiliency Services

The following is a first of community stabilizing and outreech services that add significant value to communities impacted by a wide-scale event. These are services that would be of increas to commercial businesses, non-profit organizations, individuals and social groups.

Use this list as a starting point for the services that your library would prepare to offer in the aftermath of a disaster.

Onsite Services

- Once power is restored through the use of a standby generator or other means, libraries can act as warming or cooling stations for the public.
- Because of their design, libraries offer businesses, non-profits, and social groups flexible meeting spaces and a chance to pick up their tives and careers where they left off before the crisis occurred.
- One of the most needed services during a wide scale disaster is access to phone and computer charging stations. Once re-electrified, libraries can provide these services to large groups of people.
- Helping to restore a sense of security and normaley is a critical role that libraries can fill. Story
 times for children, as well as restarting the lending program, conveys a sense that the community
 is recovering and things are on the mend.
- By acting as a contral clearing house for information, libraries can help distribute various insurance forms and requests for aid. Librarians can even be trained to help people complete these documents and submit them in a timely lashion.
- As an information bub, it is very appropriate for libraries to collect and dissertinate news. Some libraries do this in a very public way by projecting the latest information onto large walls inside the facility.

Outreach Services

- Through the use of mobile library trucks, community libraries can lend a helping hand by bringing outreach and on-the-go reference services to more heavily damaged communities areas.
- With some pro-planning, histories can accommodate volunteer groups seeking to run find and clothing drives.
- Social media plays a key role in mempency response. Libraries can help connect local emergeacy staff and municipal officials with the public by pre-designating hashings and other social media age that the community can be told to consult when a disaster happens.
- Medical alerts or requests for specific donations can, in part, be managed by part of the library staff who can help organize pick-up and drop-off points.

What are the other needs of your community? Consider surveying local businesses and library patrons to solicit their feedback on needed services.

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THE LIBRARIAN'S DISASTER PLANNING AND COMMUNITY RESILENCY WORKBOOK

Librarians Fulfilling Their Role as information First Responders

Section B: Additional Worksheets

General Security Checklist

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1.	Does your staff wear ID badges?		
2.	Is a current photo part of the ID hadge?		
3.	Do you have a process for effectively cutting off access to facilities and		
	information systems when an employee/contractor terminates employment?		
4	Are all parts of the building exteriors illuminated?		
5	Are the sides of the building easily visible from populated public areas?		
6.	Arc doorways well lit?		
7.	Are all door and window locks well maintained and working?		
8.	Is the landscaping around the building designed to eliminate blind spots?	П	
9.	Are ladders and tools secured from unauthorized use?		
10.	Is there a key management system in place?		
11.	Are exterior doors fitted with tamper proof hinges?		
12.	Where possible, are windows equipped with wire mesh guards?		
13.	Is trash moved away so as not to be a fuel source for arsonists?		
14.	Are security cameras visible and mounted high to prevent tampering?		
15.	Have the local police been asked to drive by the facility regularly?		
16.	Has outside equipment, such as A/C units, been secured?		
17.	Are interior and exterior lights on a timer?		
18.	Do all employees and volunteers receive safety and first aid training?		
19.	Are background checks conducted on all employees?		
20.	For child or youth programs is someone assigned to oversee safety?		
21.	Is there a cyber-security protection plan in place?		
22.	Are there policies that prevent unauthorized use of information systems?		
23.	Are there policies that control physical access to secure areas, such as door		
	locks, access control systems, security officers or video monitoring?		
24.	Are your facilities and IT systems maintained by qualified experts?		
25	Have you had your facility inspected by law enforcement in the last year?		

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<u>WWW.READY.GOV</u> WWW.CDC.GOV/FEATURES/BEREADY

